

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

(Unaudited)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of RIWI Corp. (the "Company") have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company. They include appropriate accounting principles, judgment, and estimates in accordance with *International Financial Reporting Standards* for interim financial statements.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of condensed interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position As at March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

	March 31, 2020			ecember 31, 2019
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,217,855	\$	3,047,399
Accounts receivable (Note 4)		1,166,140		155,530
Unbilled revenue (Note 10)		358,598		762,283
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		55,243		57,494
Total current assets		4,797,836		4,022,706
Property and equipment (Note 5(a))		20,444		21,436
Right-of-use assets (Note 6)		135,836		146,560
Intangible assets (Note 5(b))		77,281		78,104
Deferred tax asset (Note 12)		184,000		184,000
Total assets	\$	5,215,397	\$	4,452,806
Liabilities Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	414,863	\$	128,253
Current portion of lease obligations (Note 9)	Ф	44,726	Φ	43,909
Deferred revenue (Note 10)		33,860		91,010
Deferred revenue (Note 10)		493,449		263,172
Non-current lease obligations (Note 9)		107,229		118,689
Total liabilities		600,678		381,861
Shareholders' equity				,
Share capital (Note 7)	\$	4,881,049	\$	4,782,546
Contributed surplus (Note 7)		1,930,670		1,983,835
Accumulated deficit		(2,196,999)		(2,695,436)
Total shareholders' equity		4,614,719		4,070,945
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	5,215,397	\$	4,452,806

Nature of business and continuing operations (Note 1)

Approved and authorized for issuance on behalf of the Board on April 28, 2020.

"Neil Seeman" (signed)"Annette Cusworth" (signed)Neil SeemanAnnette CusworthChairman of the Board andChair of the Audit CommitteeChief Executive Officer

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these annual financial statements)

Condensed Interim Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income For the Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

	•	Three Mo	nths	s Ended
		Mar	ch 3	31
		2020		2019
Revenues (Note 10)	\$	1,322,216	\$	673,575
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Expenses				
General and administrative (Note 11)		289,680		223,391
Sales and marketing (Note 11)		381,999		104,517
Technology costs (Note 11)		160,757		116,141
Total expenses		832,437		444,049
Earnings before interest and taxes		489,779		229,526
		•		,
Net interest income		8,658		7,374
Net income and comprehensive income	\$	498,437	\$	236,900
	•	•		,
Net income per share				
Basic and diluted	\$	0.03	\$	0.01
Weighted average number of common shares or	utstand	ling		
Basic		17,857,382		17,476,853
Diluted		18,949,882		19,249,853
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RIWI CORP.
Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity
For the Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019
(Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

	Number of Share Capital C Shares Amount		Contributed Accumulated Surplus Deficit			T	otal Equity		
	Onares		Amount		Ourpius		Denoit		car Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	17,475,742	\$	4,553,291	\$	1,502,004	\$	(3,605,252)	\$	2,450,043
Share-based payment expense	-		-		2,650		-		2,650
Stock options exercised	20,000		17,250		(4,444)		_		12,806
Net income and									
comprehensive income for the period	-		-		-		236,900		236,900
Balance, March 31, 2019	17,495,742	\$	4,570,541	\$	1,500,211	\$	(3,368,352)	\$	2,702,400
Balance, December 31, 2019	17,751,700		4.782.546		1,983,836		(2,695,436)		4,070,946
Stock options exercised	182,728		98,503		(53,166)		(2,000, 100)		45,336
Net income and	,		,		. , ,				•
comprehensive income for the period	-		-		-		498,437		498,437
Balance, March 31, 2020	17,934,428	\$	4,881,049	\$	1,930,670	\$	(2,196,999)	\$	4,614,719

RIWI CORP. Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows For the Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

	Three Months Ended				
		March 3	31		
		2020	2019		
Operating activities			_		
Net income for the period	\$	498,437 \$	236,900		
Less: non-operating net interest income		(8,658)	(10,323)		
Items not involving cash:					
Amortization of property and equipment,					
right-of-use assets, and intangible assets		13,437	13,909		
Share-based payment expense		-	2,650		
		503,217	243,136		
Changes in non-cash operating working capital:					
Accounts receivable		(1,010,610)	(110,857)		
Unbilled revenue		403,685	98,832		
Prepaid expenses and other assets		2,251	(629)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		286,610	(65,125)		
Deferred revenue		(57,150)	3,215		
Net cash generated by operating activities		128,002	168,573		
Investing activities					
Interest income		11,080	10,323		
Additions of property and equipment,					
right-of-use assets, and intangible assets		(898)	-		
Net cash provided by investing activities		10,181	10,323		
Financing activities					
Lease payments		(13,065)	(13,769)		
Exercise of stock options		45,337	17,250		
Net cash provided by financing activities		32,272	3,481		
Change in cash and cash equivalents		170,456	182,376		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period		3,047,399	1,748,728		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	\$	3,217,855 \$	1,931,104		

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

RIWI is a public company and its shares are all common shares listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (CSE: RIW). The Company was originally incorporated under the laws of Canada pursuant to the *Canada Business Corporations Act* on August 17, 2009. The Company's head office is located at 180 Bloor Street West, Suite 1000, Toronto, Ontario, M5S 2V6 and RIWI's registered office is located at Suite 1700, Park Place, 666 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC, V6C 2X8. The Company also maintains an office in Vancouver, BC.

RIWI is a global trend-tracking and prediction technology firm. Our patented, cloud-based software solutions provide a global digital intelligence platform to clients seeking real-time citizen sentiment data anywhere in the world in order to assist in decision making primarily related to earnings, assessing consumer behavior, and monitoring and reducing violent conflict.

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2020 (the "Financial Statements") have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company had net income of \$498,437 (2019 – \$236,900) and net cash provided by operating activities of \$128,002 (2019 – \$168,573). As at March 31, 2020, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$2,196,999 (December 31, 2019 – \$2,695,436). The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to generate positive cash flows from operations and/or raise adequate financing if and when necessary. These Financial Statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary if the Company were unable to realize its assets and settle its liabilities as a going concern in the normal course of operations. Such adjustments could be material.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with *International Financial Reporting Standards* ("IFRS") applicable to interim financial information, as outlined in International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting and using the accounting policies consistent with those in the audited financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019. These Financial Statements do not include all disclosures normally provided in annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the fiscal year.

These Financial Statements were authorized for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on April 28, 2020.

These Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at amortized cost, consistent with the Company's significant accounting policies.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these Financial Statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in the preparation of the Financial Statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts are as follows:

(i) Going concern

Prior to 2018, the Company incurred losses and the Company's ability to execute its strategy by funding future working capital requirements requires judgment. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, such as expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(ii) Asset carrying values and impairment charges

In the determination of carrying values and impairment charges, management looks at the higher of recoverable amount or fair value less costs to sell in the case of assets and at objective evidence, significant or prolonged decline of fair value of assets indicating impairment. These determinations and their individual assumptions require that management make a decision based on the best available information at each reporting period.

(iii) Income taxes and recoverability of potential deferred income tax assets

In assessing the probability of realizing income tax assets recognized, management makes estimates related to expectations of future taxable income, applicable tax planning opportunities, expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences and the likelihood that tax positions taken will be sustained upon examination by applicable tax authorities. In making its assessments, management gives additional weight to positive and negative evidence that can be objectively verified. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws. Where applicable tax laws and regulations are either unclear or subject to ongoing varying interpretations, it is reasonably possible that changes in these estimates can occur that materially affect the amounts of income tax assets recognized. Also, future changes in tax laws could limit the Company from realizing the tax benefits from the deferred income tax assets. The Company reassesses unrecognized income tax assets on an annual basis.

(iv) Measurement of share-based compensation

Management determines costs for share-based payments using market-based valuation techniques. The fair value of the market-based and performance-based non-vested share awards are determined at the date of grant using generally accepted valuation techniques. Assumptions are made and judgment used in applying valuation techniques. These assumptions and judgments include estimating the future volatility of the stock price, expected dividend yield, future employee turnover rates and future employee stock option exercise behaviors and corporate performance.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of trade receivables from clients. Please see Note 14(a) for aged trade receivable information.

5. NON-CURRENT ASSETS

(a) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist of computers and leasehold improvements. The Company depreciates its computers using the straight-line method over 24 months. The Company is depreciating the leasehold improvements over the remaining term of its office lease, which terminates on May 31, 2023.

	Leasehold						
2019	Co	Computers Improvements				Total	
Cost:							
December 31, 2018	\$	7,640	\$	31,496	\$	39,136	
Additions		311		-		311	
Assets retired		(4,730)		-		(4,730)	
December 31, 2019		3,221		31,496		34,717	
Accumulated depreciation:							
December 31, 2018		(5,341)		(4,860)		(10,201)	
Depreciation		(1,756)		(6,054)		(7,810)	
Assets retired		4,731		-		4,731	
December 31, 2019		(2,366)		(10,914)		(13,280)	
Carrying value: December 31, 2018 December 31, 2019	\$	2,299 854	\$	26,636 20,582	\$	28,935 21,436	
	<u> </u>						
			L	.easehold			
2020	Co	mputers	Imp	rovements		Total	
Cost:							
December 31, 2019	\$	3,221	\$	31,496	\$	34,717	
Additions		898		-		898	
March 31, 2020		4,119		31,496		35,615	
Accumulated depreciation:							
December 31, 2019		(2,366)		(10,914)		(13,280)	
Additions		(385)		(1,506)		(1,891)	
March 31, 2020		(2,751)		(12,420)		(15,171)	
Carrying value:							
December 31, 2019		854		20,582		21,436	
March 31, 2020	\$	1,368	\$	19,076	\$	20,444	

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

5. NON-CURRENT ASSETS (continued)

(b) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of a patent, domain names, trademarks and website.

The Company owns US Patent #8,069,078. This patent, which expires in July 2030, relates to a method of obtaining a representative online polling sample or ad test globally. The Company has classified the patent as a finite life intangible asset and is amortizing it using the straight-line method over 20 years.

The Company purchased Internet domain names in 2017 which have strategic value for current intellectual property development. The Company has classified the domain names as a finite life intangible asset and is amortizing them using the straight-line method over 10 years.

In 2018, the Company applied for trademarks of the word mark "RIWI" in Canada, United States of America and the European Union. During 2019, RIWI obtained the trademarks in the USA and the EU, and is currently waiting for the finalization of the Canadian trademark. The Company has classified the trademarks as finite life intangible assets. Upon obtaining the trademarks, the Company is amortizing them using the straight-line method over 10 years.

In 2019, the Company updated its website to ensure technical privacy compliance. The Company is amortizing this capital expenditure using the straight-line method over 3 years.

2019	Patent	Domai	n Names	Trac	demarks	Website		1	Total
Cost:									
December 31, 2018	\$ 21,239	\$	80,810	\$	5,736	\$	-	\$ 1	07,785
Additions	-		-		-		5,072		5,072
December 31, 2019	21,239		80,810		5,736		5,072	1	12,857
Accumulated Amortization:									
December 31, 2018	(12,595)		(11,785)		-		-	\$	(24,380)
Amortization	(1,062)		(8,081)		(524)		(704)		(10,372)
December 31, 2019	(13,658)		(19,866)		(524)		(704)		(34,752)
Carrying value:									
December 31, 2018	8,644		69,025		5,736		-		83,405
December 31, 2019	\$ 7,581	\$	60,944	\$	5,212	\$	4,367	\$	78,104
2020	Patent	Domai	n Names	Trac	demarks	W	/ebsite		Total
Cost:									
December 31, 2019	\$ 21,239	\$	80,810	\$	5,736	\$	5,072	\$ 1	12,857
Additions	-		-		-		-		
March 31, 2020	21,239		80,810		5,736		5,072	1	12,857
Accumulated Amortization:									
December 31, 2019	(13,658)		(19,866)		(524)		(704)	\$	(34,752)
Amortization	(164)		(2,020)		(112)		(423)		(2,719)
Adjustment to Patent	1,896		-		-		-		1,896
March 31, 2020	(11,926)		(21,886)		(637)		(1,127)		(35,576)
Carrying value:									
December 31, 2019	7,581		60,944		5,212		4,367		78,104
March 31, 2020	\$ 9,313	\$	58,924	\$	5,099	\$	3,945	\$	77,281

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

6. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

The following table presents the Company's right-of-use assets, which is comprised of its head office lease.

	Ri	ght-of-use			
2019		assets			
Cost:					
January 1, 2019	\$	189,455			
Additions		-			
December 31, 2019		189,455			
Accumulated Amortization:					
January 1, 2019		-			
Amortization		(42,895)			
December 31, 2019		(42,895)			
Carrying value:		400 4==			
January 1, 2019		189,455			
December 31, 2019	\$	146,560			
	Ri	ght-of-use			
2020	13	assets			
Cost:					
December 31, 2019	\$	189,455			
Additions		-			
March 31, 2020		189,455			
Accumulated Amortization:					
December 31, 2019		(42,895)			
Amortization		(10,724)			
March 31, 2020		(53,619)			
Corning value					
Carrying value:		140 500			
December 31, 2019 March 31, 2020	<u>¢</u>	146,560			
IVIAI CIT 31, 2020	\$ 135,83				

Amortization in the amount of \$10,724 has been included under general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2020 (2019 – \$9,411).

7. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized: unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued: As at March 31, 2020, the Company had 17,934,428 common shares issued and outstanding (March 31, 2019 - 17,495,742) having a carrying value of \$4,881,049 as at March 31, 2020 (March 31, 2019 - \$4,570,541).

Net income and comprehensive income were \$498,437 for the three months ended March 31, 2020 (three months ended March 31, 2019 - \$236,900), and the basic and diluted net income per share was \$0.03 (2019 - \$0.01).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

7. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Contributed surplus reconciliation is noted below:

	Share-based Payment Reserve	Warrants Reserve	Other Capital Reserves	Total Contributed Surplus
Balance, December 31, 2018	1,204,706	269,269	28,030	1,502,005
Share-based payment expense	2,650	-	-	2,650
Stock options exercised	(4,444)	-	-	(4,444)
Balance, March 31, 2019	1,202,912	269,269	28,030	1,500,211
Balance, December 31, 2019	1,590,080	-	393,756	1,983,836
Stock options exercised	(53,166)	-	-	(53,166)
Balance, March 31, 2020	1,536,914	-	393,756	1,930,670

In September 2019, 656,571 share purchase warrants expired without being exercised. In November 2019, the final 5,500 share purchase warrants were exercised in exchange for 5,500 common shares, leaving the Company with no outstanding share purchase warrants as at December 31, 2019.

8. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company has a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to directors, employees, and consultants enabling them to acquire in aggregate up to 20% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Under the plan, the exercise price of each option equals the market price, minimum price, or a discounted price of the Company's shares as calculated on the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of 10 years and are subject to vesting provisions as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The following table summarizes the continuity of the Company's stock options:

	Number of Options	Weighted a exercise (CAD	price
Balance, December 31, 2018	1,787,500	\$	1.66
Exercised	(20,000)		0.86
Balance, March 31, 2019	1,767,500	\$	1.67
Balance, December 31, 2019	1,757,500		2.10
Exercised	(245,000)		0.86
Balance, March 31, 2020	1,512,500	\$	2.30

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, 70,000 stock options were exercised in exchange for 70,000 common shares and 175,000 stock options were cashlessly exercised in exchange for 112,728 common shares.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company recorded share-based payment expense, with a corresponding credit to reserves of \$nil (March 31, 2019 – \$2,650).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

8. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Additional information regarding stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2020 is as follows:

			Outstanding	E	xer	cisable	
R	Range of		Weighted average		W	eighted average	
exer	rcise prices	Number of	remaining contractual life	Number of	exercise price		
	(CAD)	shares	(years)	shares		(CAD)	
\$	0.86	70,000	0.2	70,000	\$	0.86	
\$	2.00	590,000	2.9	590,000	\$	2.00	
\$	2.04	200,000	2.2	200,000	\$	2.04	
\$	2.14	232,500	1.2	232,500	\$	2.14	
\$	2.51	50,000	0.9	50,000	\$	2.51	
\$	3.25	370,000	4.1	370,000	\$	3.25	
\$	2.30	1,512,500	2.7	1,512,500	\$	2.30	

9. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Company's head office currently shares space with a third-party firm, and it is responsible for 50% of the monthly lease payments. The Company's total lease payments are currently CAD \$5,925 (US \$4,176) per month, increasing to CAD \$5,995 (US \$4,226) per month on June 1, 2020. The office lease expires on May 31, 2023.

	March 31,	De	ecember 31,
As at	2020		2019
Current portion of lease obligations	\$ 44,726	\$	43,909
Non-current lease obligations	107,229		118,689
Lease obligations	\$ 151,955	\$	162,598

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the lease accretion was \$10,643 and the payments totaled \$13,065. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the lease accretion was \$41,013 and the payments totaled \$41,568.

10. REVENUE

(a) Revenue streams

The Company generates revenue primarily from the provision of analytical solutions to its clients in the form of compilation, analysis and communication of real time data. All the Company's revenue is generated from contracts from customers in relation to the Company's principal activities. RIWI's revenue disaggregated by geographical locations is analyzed in Note 15.

(b) Performance obligations and revenue recognition

RIWI records revenue from contracts with customers in accordance with the five steps in *IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers* as follows:

- (i) identify the contract with a customer;
- (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- (iii) determine the transaction price, which is the total consideration provided by the customer;
- (iv) allocate the transaction price among the performance obligations in the contract based on their relative fair values; and
- (v) recognize revenue when the relevant criteria are met for each performance obligation.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in the contract. The Company recognizes revenue over time as it transfers control of its services based on the delivery milestones outlined in the contract. Progress is determined based on completion of standard milestones (i.e. output method).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

10. REVENUE (continued)

(c) Estimate and judgments

RIWI uses estimates in determining the standalone selling price of performance obligations and allocation of the transaction price between performance obligations. In determining the standalone selling price, we allocate revenue between performance obligations based on the expected enforceable amounts to which RIWI is entitled.

(d) Unbilled revenue and deferred revenue

Unbilled revenue relates to RIWI's right to consideration for work completed but not yet billed at the reporting date. RIWI transfers unbilled revenue to accounts receivable on invoicing. Below is a summary of unbilled revenue from contracts with customers and the significant changes in those balances during the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

		Three Months Ended			
	March 31				
		2020		2019	
Balance, beginning of the period	\$	762,283	\$	580,507	
Additions during the period (net of terminations)		386,706		361,158	
Amortization of unbilled revenue to accounts receivable		(790,391)		(459,990)	
Balance, end of the period	\$	358,598	\$	481,675	

Deferred revenue primarily relates to advance consideration received from customers for services yet to be performed. Deferred revenue will be recognized as revenue over time as RIWI achieves the delivery milestones. Below is a summary of deferred revenue from contracts with customers and the significant changes in those balances during the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

	Three Months Ended			Ended
	March 31			1
	2020 2019			2019
Balance, beginning of the period	\$	91,010	\$	24,236
Revenue deferred in previous period and				
recognized as revenue in current period		(474,000)		(17,100)
Net additions from contracts with customers		416,850		25,700
Balance, end of the period	\$	33,860	\$	32,836

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

11. OPERATING EXPENSES

Effective January 1, 2020, the Company modified its classification of operating expenses by nature, including allocating personnel costs between the general and administrative, sales and marketing, and technology expense categories. Previously, all of the Company's employee salaries and benefit costs were allocated to the general and administrative expense category. The comparative historical information has been updated to reflect the allocation.

(a) General and Administrative Expenses

	Three Months Ended March 31			nded
		2020		2019
Personnel costs	\$	165,229	\$	145,941
Consulting and professional fees		17,365		14,425
Share-based payment expense		-		2,650
Occupancy and office costs		47,518		45,979
Depreciation		13,438		13,909
Foreign exchange loss		46,131		487
	\$	289,680	\$	223,391

(b) Sales and Marketing Expenses

	Three Months Ended			Ended
	March 31			1
		2020		2019
Personnel costs	\$	130,144	\$	95,743
Third party consulting fees		52,500		8,000
Travel and promotion		1,277		-
Recruiting fees		41,797		-
Strategic partnership payments		155,580		-
Other marketing expenses		701		774
	\$	381,999	\$	104,517

(c) Technology Expenses

	Three Months Ended			Ended
	March 31			1
	2020 2019			2019
Personnel costs	\$	48,084	\$	49,079
Third party consulting fees		3,236		1,275
Project costs		109,437		65,787
	\$	160,757	\$	116,141

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

12. TAX NOTE

As stated in Note 3(a) above, the Company reassesses unrecognized income tax assets on an annual basis. The following table reconciles the expected income tax recovery at Canadian statutory income tax rates to the amounts recognized in the statement of income and comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018
Pre-tax income for the year	\$ 725,816	416,535
Statutory rate	26.5%	26.5%
Tax (recovery) at statutory rate	192,341	110,382
Non-deductible expenses	144,797	194,662
Deferred tax assets utilized	(337, 138)	(305,044)
Recognition of previously unrecognized deferred tax assets	(184,000)	
Tax/(recovery) per statement of income	\$ (184,000)	\$ -

The Company has recorded deferred tax assets/(liabilities) as follows, the benefits of which had not been recognized until the year ended December 31, 2019:

	2019	2018
Non-capital loss	\$ 170,560	\$ 468,152
Financing costs	3,328	7,827
Lease obligations	43,088	-
Property, equipment and intangible assets	5,882	4,229
Total deferred tax assets	222,858	480,208
Deferred tax assets not recognized	-	(480,208)
Deferred tax liability - right-of-use assets	(38,858)	
Net deferred tax assets	\$ 184,000	\$ -

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions are comprised solely of compensation for the Company's key management personnel.

(a) For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company recognized share-based payment expense of \$nil (three months ended March 31, 2019 – \$2,650) for stock options granted to one officer.

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

As at March 31, 2020, the Company's financial instruments are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amounts reflected in the statement of financial position are carrying amounts and approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. These financial instruments are classified as at March 31, 2020 as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents amortized cost
- Accounts receivable amortized cost
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities other financial liabilities

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The evaluation of the financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy includes unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 of the hierarchy includes inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 includes inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The Company has no financial instruments measured at Fair Value Through the Statement of Profit or Loss.

The following is a discussion of the Company's risk exposures:

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's trade accounts receivable are due from customers and are subject to normal credit risk. The following table provides information regarding the aged trade receivables:

	Current	31-60 days	61-90 days	91 days +
March 31, 2020	100%	0%	0%	0%
December 31, 2019	52%	48%	0%	0%

At each period end, the Company reviews the collectability of outstanding receivables. The specific accounts are only written off once all the collection avenues have been explored or when legal bankruptcy has occurred. The Company has a \$nil balance for allowance for doubtful accounts as at March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

The following table identifies customers comprising 10% or more of the Company's revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019:

	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Customer A	59%	0%
Customer B	13%	30%

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they are due. The Company has in place a planning and budgeting process which helps determine the funds required to ensure the Company has the appropriate liquidity to meet its operating and growth objectives.

The Company's financial liabilities consist of accounts payable and accrued liabilities and consist of invoices payable to trade suppliers for online advertising technology services, server hosting, general and administrative, and other expenses and are paid within one year.

The Company expects to fund these liabilities through the use of existing cash resources and funds raised through equity financings, if required.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates will affect the Company's net earnings or the value of financial instruments. The objective of the Company is to manage and mitigate market risk exposures within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns.

- (i) Interest rate risk: The Company has cash balances and no interest-bearing debt, and is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk.
- (ii) Foreign currency risk: The Company's activities are conducted in foreign jurisdictions; the majority of the Company's operating expenses are in Canadian dollars; and a portion of the Company's cash is denominated in Canadian dollars. The Company has not entered into foreign exchange rate contracts to mitigate this risk.

As at March 31, 2020, financial instruments were converted at a rate of US\$1.00 to CAD\$1.4187. Balances denominated in foreign currencies as at March 31, 2020 were as follows:

	In CAD	Conv	erted to USD
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 438,786	\$	309,300
Accounts receivable	28,250		19,913
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	195,283		137,655

The estimated impact on net income for the three months ended March 31, 2020 with a +/- 10% change in Canadian Dollar exchange rate is approximately \$7,000 (2019 – \$2,000).

(d) Capital management

The Company's capital is defined to be shareholders' equity. The Company's objective in managing capital is to ensure it has adequate working capital to meet day to day needs and access to sources of capital sufficient to finance its operations and to make planned capital expenditures or capital acquisitions as opportunities present themselves. The Company manages its capital structure and makes changes to it in light of changes in economic conditions, anticipated or planned capital expenditures, opportunities for acquisitions and the risk characteristics of the underlying investments.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

15. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company is required to disclose certain information regarding operating segments, products, services and geographic areas. Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which separate financial information is available that is regularly evaluated by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company's chief operating decision maker is the Chief Executive Officer. The Company operates as one reportable segment for 2020.

The approximate sales revenue based on geographic location of customers for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

	Ма	rch 31, 2020	Ма	arch 31, 2019
United States of America	\$	393,125	\$	515,526
Canada		912,096		40,045
Europe		16,995		118,004
Other		-		-
	\$	1,322,216	\$	673,575

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

16. COVID-19 OUTBREAK

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") declared the ongoing COVID-19 outbreak a global health emergency and on March 11, 2020, the WHO expanded its classification of the outbreak to a pandemic. Federal, state, provincial and municipal governments in Canada have begun enacting measures to combat the spread of COVID-19. The COVID-19 outbreak continues to rapidly evolve and is causing business disruptions across the entire global economy and society.

The Company has determined that these events are non-adjusting events. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2020 have not been adjusted to reflect their impact. The Company has taken measures to mitigate risks of COVID-19, including: closing its offices and having all staff work from home; enacting strict travel restrictions in accordance with provincial and federal rules; and recommending all staff to practice safe physical distancing in accordance with the guidelines of the health authorities.

The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Company for future periods.